

# Improved BHA Sag Correction and Uncertainty Evaluation Brings Value to Wellbore Placement

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# Summary

## n Introduction

- n ISCWSA presentation & Error models
- n BHA misalignment definitions
- n Current modelling limits
- n Aim of the study

## n New Model & Results

- n Introduction
- n Sag & Horizontal Misalignment corrections & residual errors

## n Operational Implementation

- n Applications
- n Case study

## n Conclusion & Perspectives

# Introduction

## ISCWSA Presentation & Error model

Ø ISCWSA produces / maintains wellbore surveying error models for the industry

Ø Error sources :

§ Magnetic field uncertainties

§ Magnetic compass errors

§ Gyrocompass errors

§ Tool misalignment errors

§ Along-hole depth errors

Ø Error terms :

§ Name

§ Mean value

§ Magnitude, as a one s.d

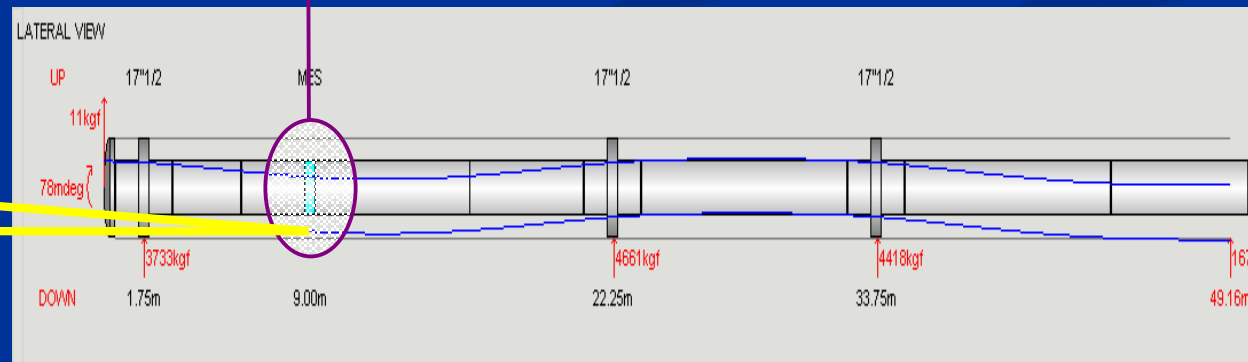
§ Weighting function (D, I, A)

§ Propagation mode (R, S, W, G)

Ø BHA SAG is a tool misalignment error, subject of this presentation

# Introduction

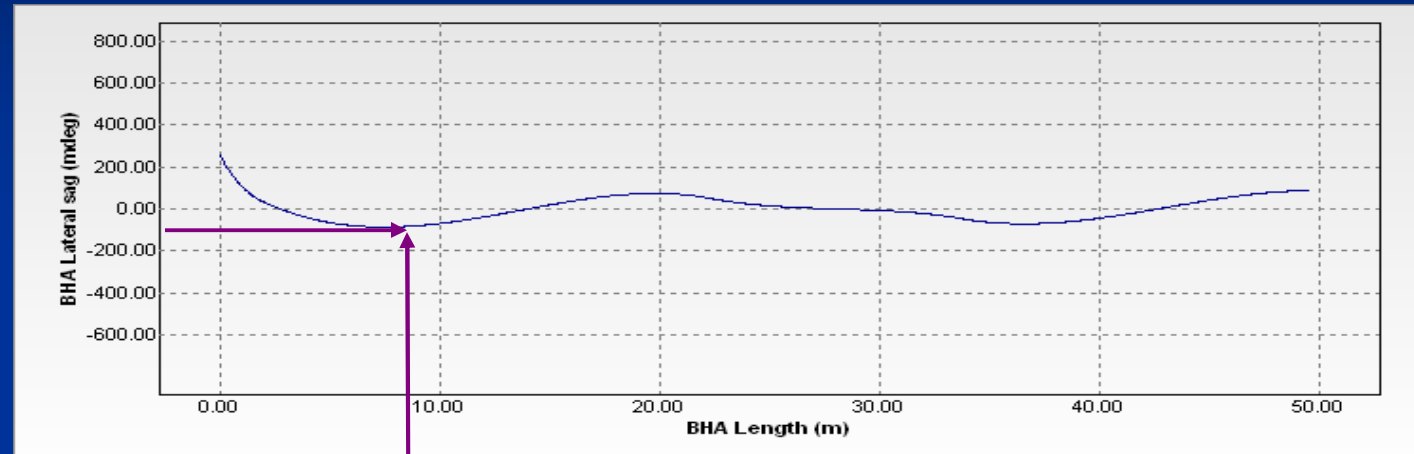
## SAG definition



Measured inclination  
Sag Error  
True inclination

# Introduction

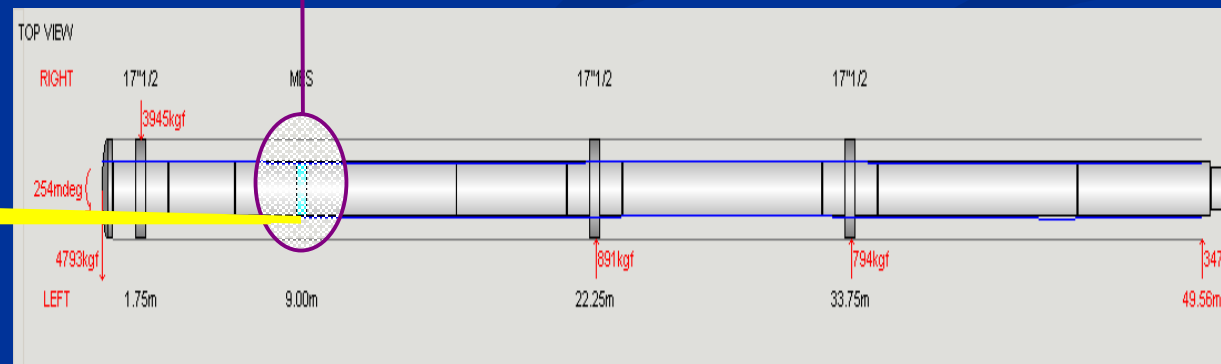
## Horizontal misalignment definition



Horizontal misalignment Error

Measured azimuth

True azimuth



# Introduction

## Current sag modelling limits

Without correction, sag error is given a magnitude of  $0.2^\circ$

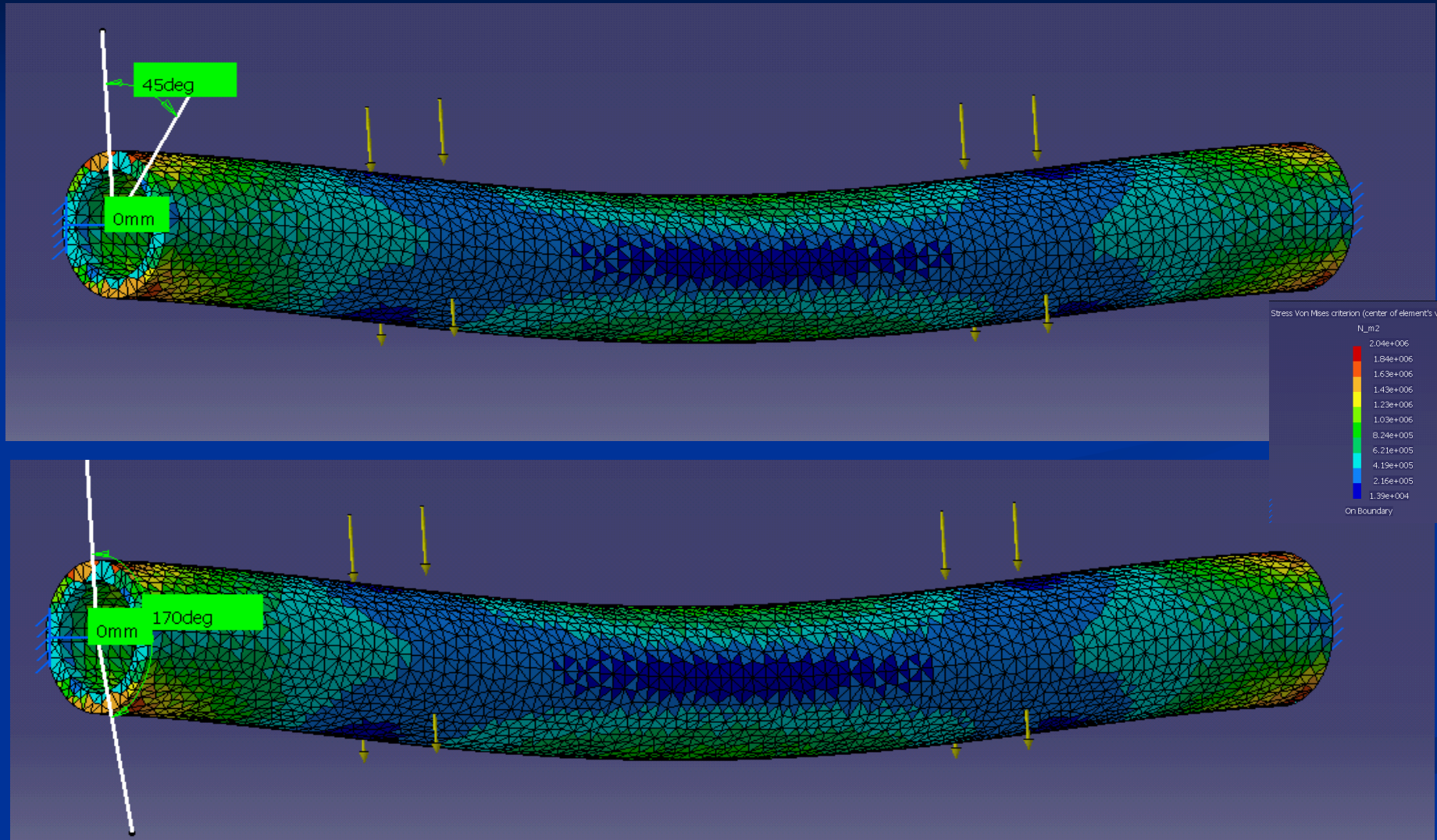
The weighting function  $(0, \sin I, 0)$  describes the gravity effect but :

- Should we accept that BHA distortion is only due to gravity?
- Should we believe that a BHA with a bent sub has no sag in a vertical well?
- Are we underestimating the BHA sag error term for vertical wells?
- Are we overestimating the BHA sag error term for horizontal wells?

With correction, sag error is given a magnitude of  $0.08^\circ$

- Based on a simplistic 60% sag correction efficiency statement
- The residual error, linked to input parameters, cannot be constant
- Should the residual error obey to the weighting function  $(0, \sin I, 0)$ ?

# Introduction



# Introduction

## Aim of the study

### n Motivation

- n BHA sag is predominant in the inclination global error
  - n Representing up to 80% of the TVD wellbore position uncertainty
- n Some control is needed on the sag correction process for validation of TVD uncertainty
- n Recognized limits of current Industry sag and horizontal misalignment modelling

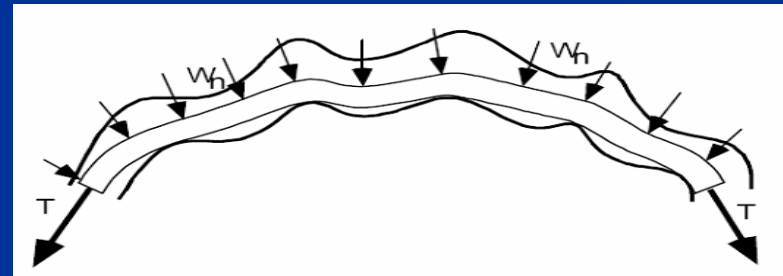
### n Aims

- n Clarify and quantify parameters affecting BHA sag
- n Propose a first model based on a complete methodology
- n Evaluate sag & horizontal misalignment correction
- n Evaluate residual errors.

# New Model & Results

## Introduction of the New Model

- n A 3D BHA model featuring :
  - n A unique analytical rigid solution for high volume computation
  - n Real drill-string & BHA / hole interaction contact management
  - n 3D trajectory reconstruction
  - n All types of BHAs



- n The following assumptions were done :
  - n No WOB - the survey is taken off bottom
  - n No friction - the BHA is not rotating
  - n Continuous rigidity throughout element connections
  - n No temperature effect on elements mechanical properties

# New Model & Results

## Modelled BHAs

BHA	Size	Type
1	17½"	MOTOR + VGS
2	17½"	MOTOR + VGS
3	17½"	ROT HOLD
4	17½"	ROT BUILD UP
5	17½"	ROT BUILD UP
6	12¼"	MOTOR + VGS
7	12¼"	MOTOR
8	12¼"	ROT HOLD + VGS
9	12¼"	ROT HOLD
10	12¼"	ROT BUILD UP
11	12¼"	ROT DROP OFF

# New Model & Results

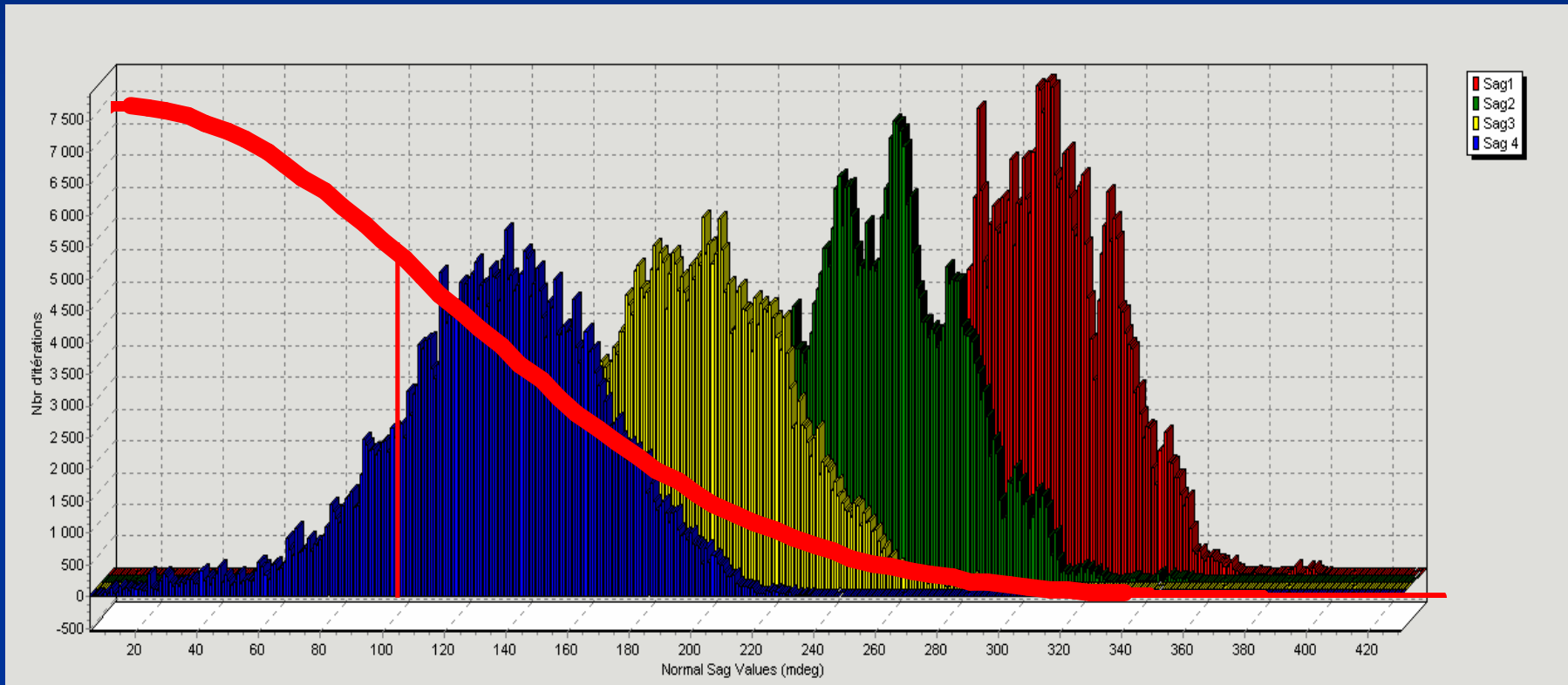
## BHA Configurations for corrections

Parameters	Min	Max	Step	Number
Bent Angle (°)	0.6	1.8	0.6	3
TFO (°)	0	315	45	8
VGS Diameter (inch)	16.25 / 11.75	17 / 12.25	0.25	4
Inclination (°)	30	90	10	7
Build/Drop (°/30m)	-5	5	5	3
Turn (°/30m)	-5	5	5	3
Mud Weight (SG)	1.1	2.1	0.5	3
OVG (inch)	0.25	0.75	0.25	3
Sensor position (m)	2	5	1	4
ID MWD (inch)	2.5	4	0.5	4
<b>Total configurations</b>				<b>870 000</b>



# New Model & Results

## Sag correction - all 12¼" BHAs



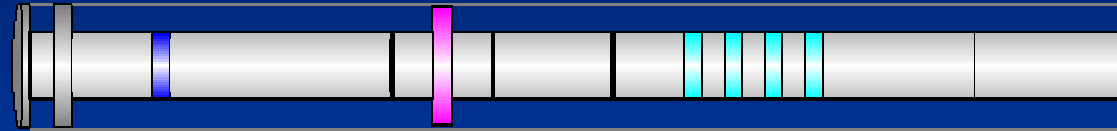
§ Results are shown for a chosen inclination of 30°

§ The Red curve represents the Industry Sag modelling at same inclination

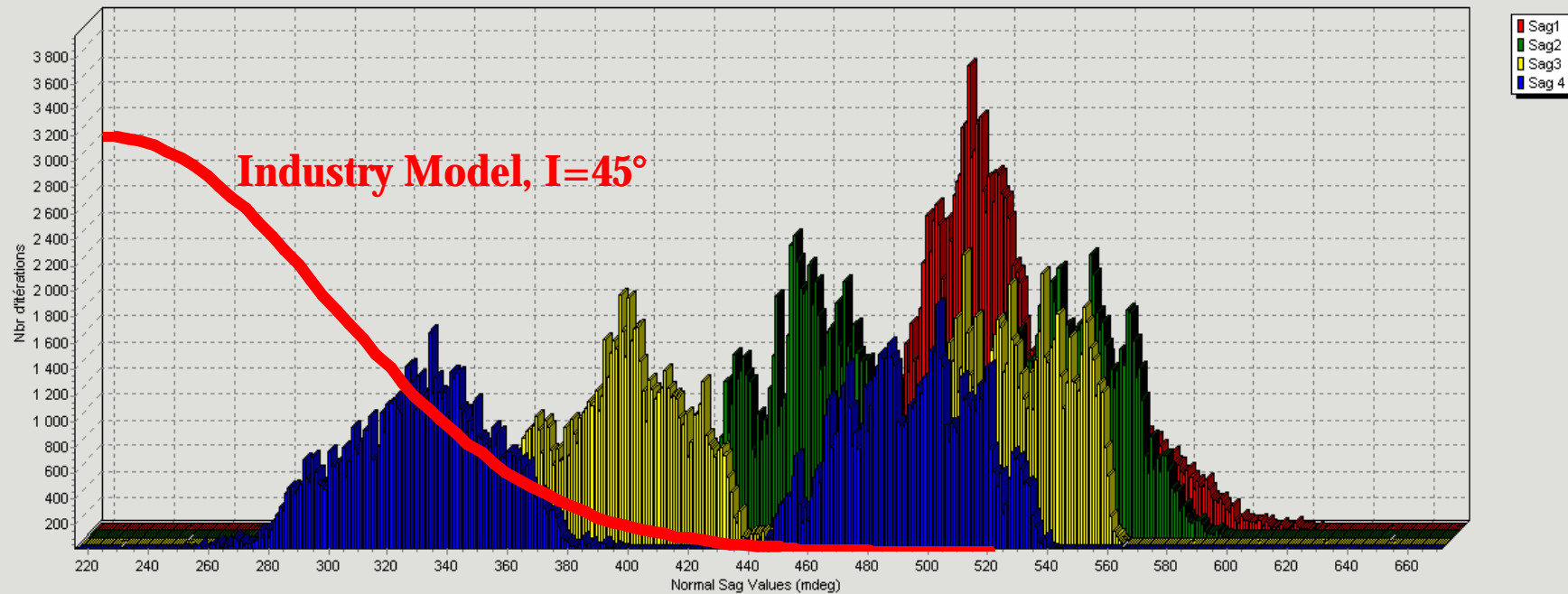
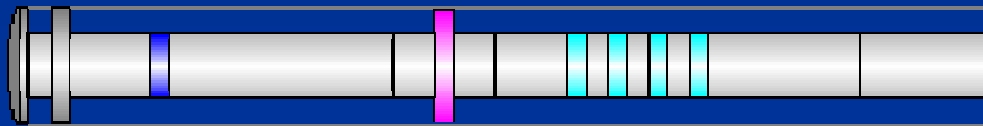
# New Model & Results

## Sag correction - 17½" BHA

17½" BHA 1

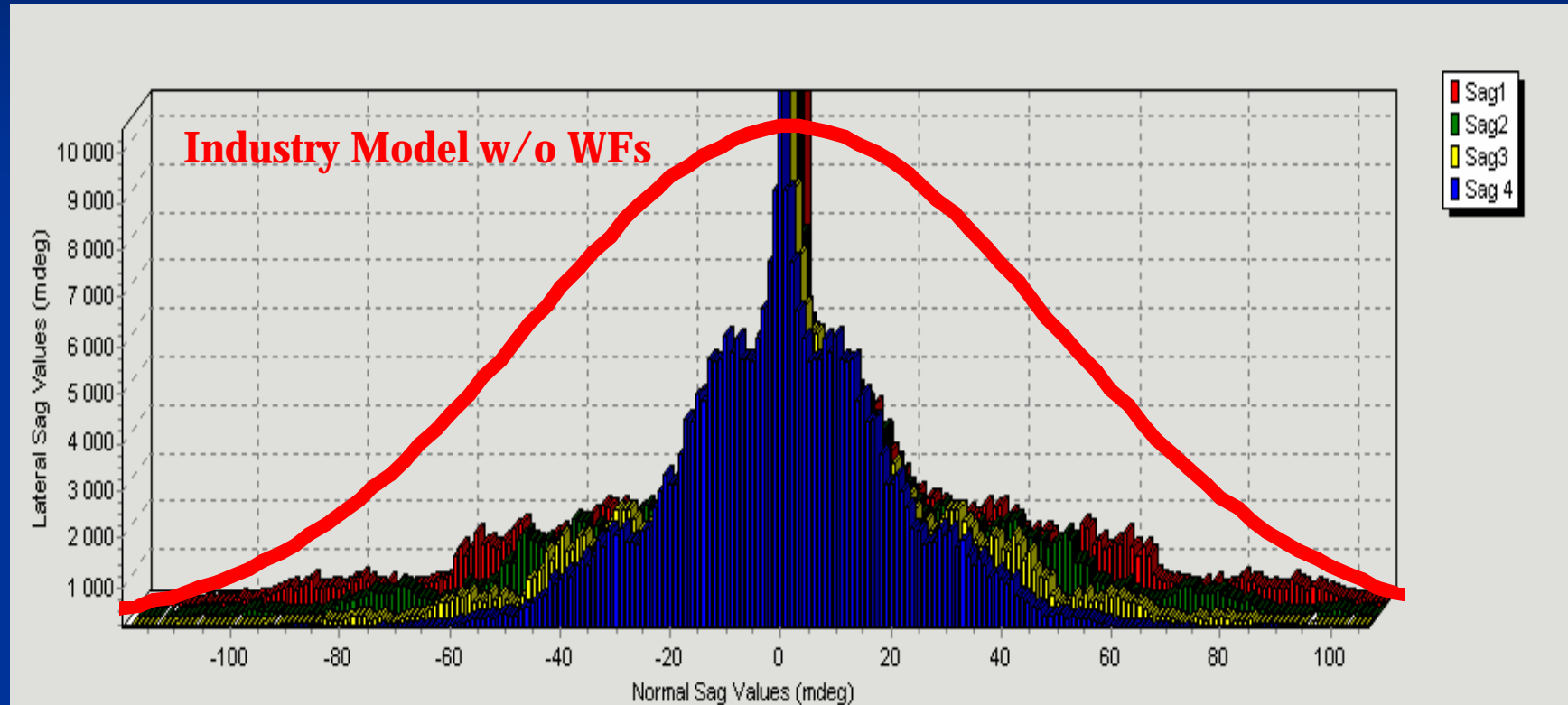


17½" BHA 2



# New Model & Results

## Horizontal misalignment correction – All BHAs



§ The horizontal misalignment correction ranges  $\pm 0.12^\circ$

§ The Industry error term is well modelled with a mean value of 0 and a magnitude of  $0.04^\circ$  but the weighting function should be (0, 0, 1) Not Tool Face dependent

# New Model & Results

## Residual errors - Computation

Input parameters follow a normal law and are independent.

§ For each parameter  $\mu_i$  :

§  $\mu_{i0}$  = the expected value

§  $\sigma_i$  = the standard deviation

§  $\frac{\partial Fsag}{\partial m_i}$  = the weighting function

§ For each survey, the residual error is the Root Sum Square of all errors contribution:

$$s \text{ Residual Sag error } |_{m_{10}, m_{20}, \dots, m_{i0}} (s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{i=n} s_i^2 * \left. \frac{\partial Fsag}{\partial m_i} \right|_{m_{i0}}^2}$$

# New Model & Results

## Residual errors - Summary

Parameters	$\sigma$ input Error ( $\pm$ )	Sag Error	Hor. Misalig. Error
Bent Angle ( $^{\circ}$ )	0,10	10-3	4.10-4
Bent Housing position (in)	1,0	10-5	10-5
Sensor position (in)	2,0	2.10-3	10-4
TFO ( $^{\circ}$ )	5,0	2.10-4	10-3
OVG (inch)	0,125	2.10-3	3.10-3
Inclination ( $^{\circ}$ )	0,50	3.10-4	2.10-4
Build/Drop ( $^{\circ}/30\text{m}$ )	0,25	10-4	2.10-4
Turn ( $^{\circ}/30\text{m}$ )	0,25	10-4	10-3
Mud Weight (SG)	0,05	10-3	10-5
ID MWD (inch)	0,25	2.10-3	10-4
	$\sigma$ Residual Error	0,0038	0,0035

# Operational Implementation

## Benefits

- n This new methodology can lead to :
  - n Precise sag & horizontal misalignment correction
  - n Reduced residual errors
  
- n But requires :
  - n A good knowledge on the system
  - n Full data set
  
- ∅ *It is implemented in a directional drilling BHA Management software with all the required information.*

# Operational Implementation

## Applications

### n Pre engineering

- n Design BHA with reduced sag effect
- n Matching target sizing and TVD uncertainty estimates

### n While drilling

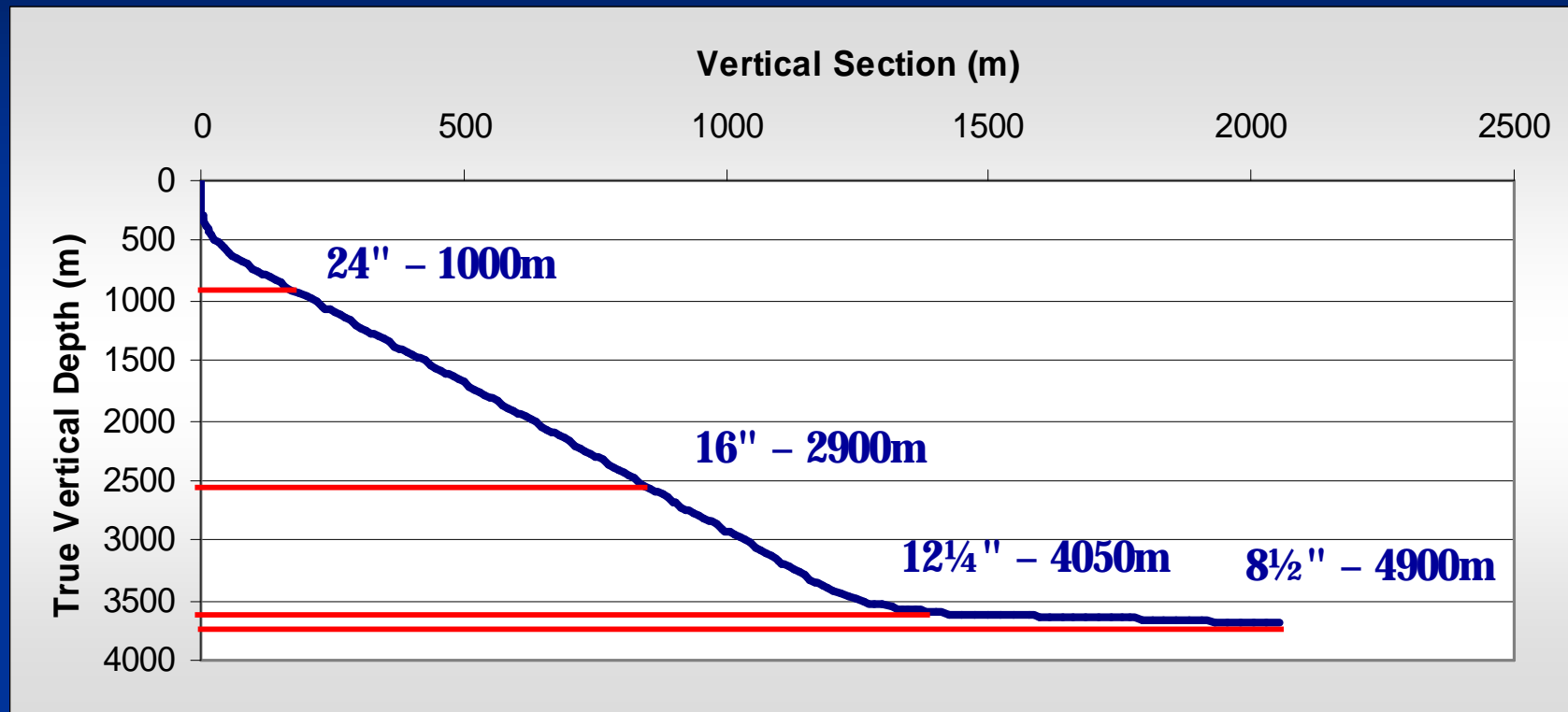
- n Sag & horizontal misalignment corrections & uncertainties applied near to real time (operations support centre)
- n Enhanced target hitting and reservoir navigation

### n Post analysis

- n Enhanced well position and uncertainties definition
- n Construction of a robust earth model

# Operational Implementation

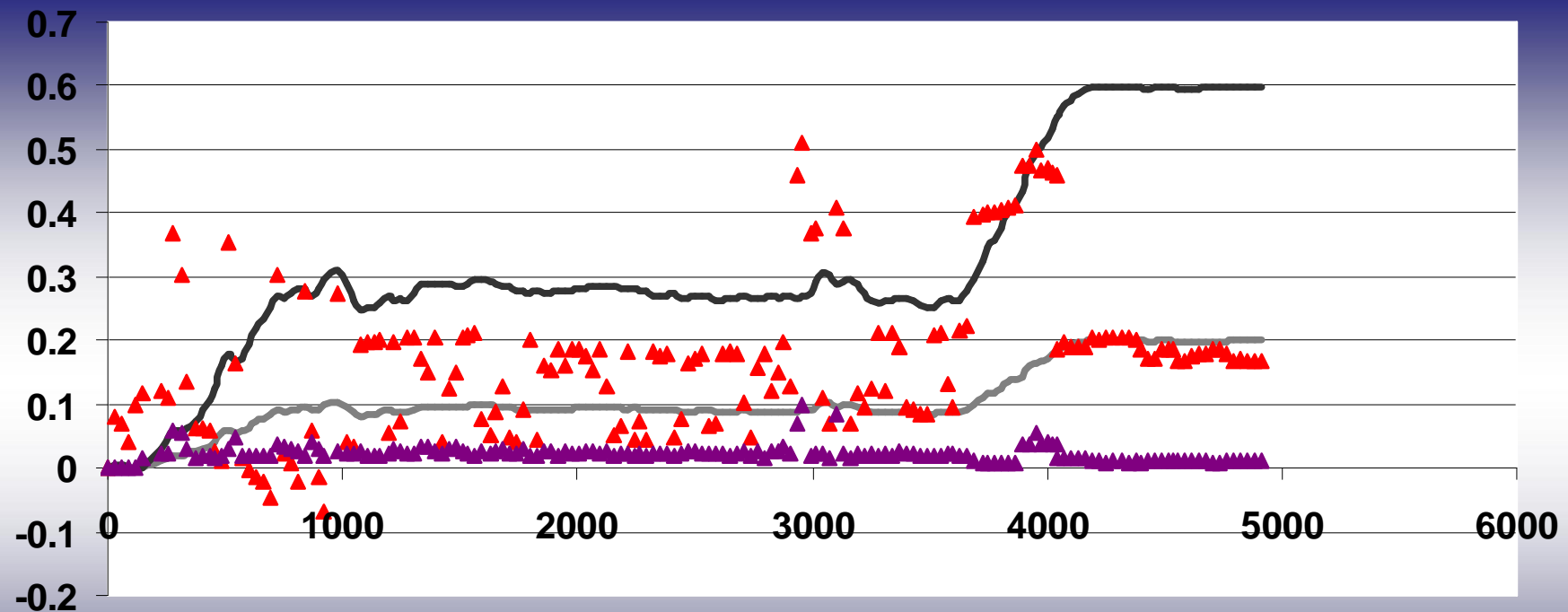
## Case study - Presentation



Dia.	BHAs	BHA Type
24"	1	Steerable Motor
16"	3	Steerable Motor
12 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	4	Steerable Motor
8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "	3	Steerable Motor

# Operational Implementation

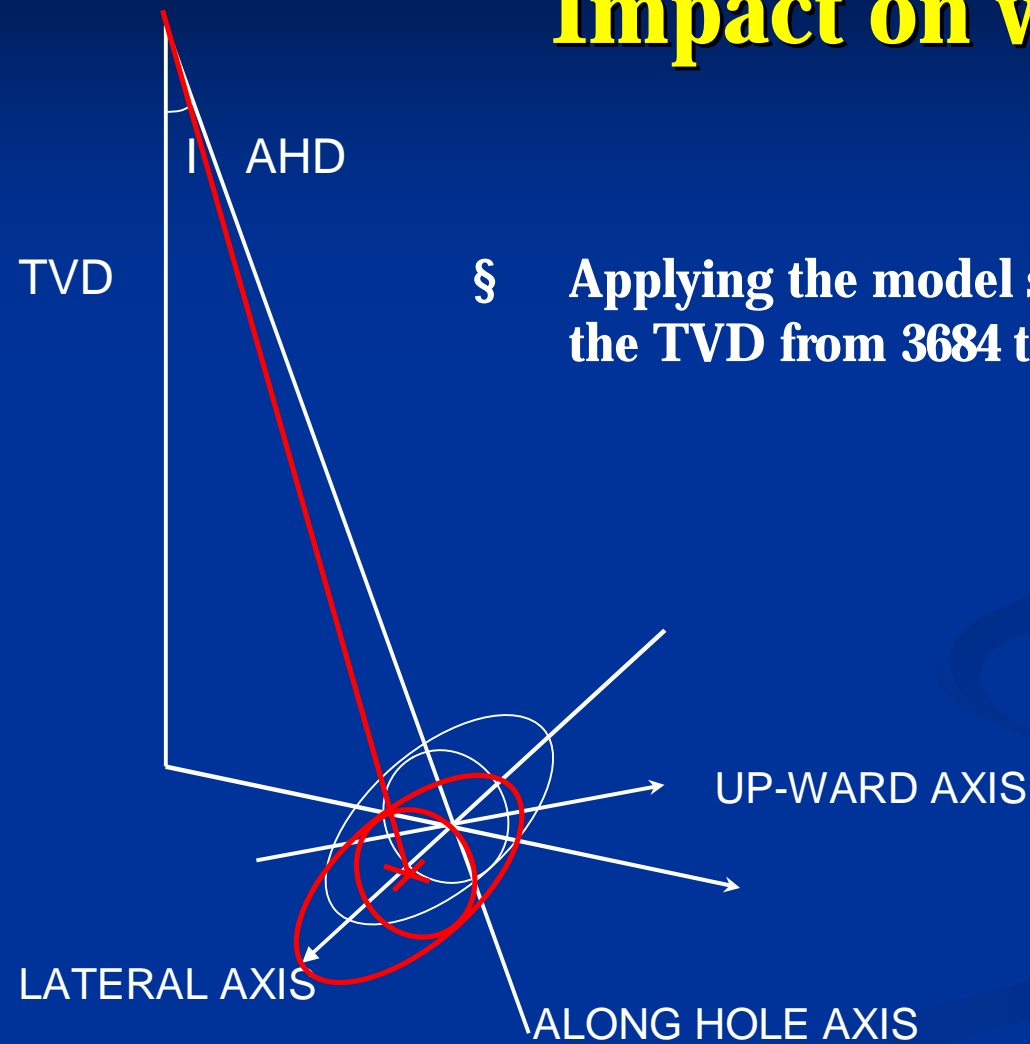
## Case study - Results



- ▲ Sag correction
- ▲ Sag residual error
- Sag-ISCWSA
- Sag-ISCWSA,  $3\sigma$  confidence level

# Operational Implementation

## Impact on well positioning

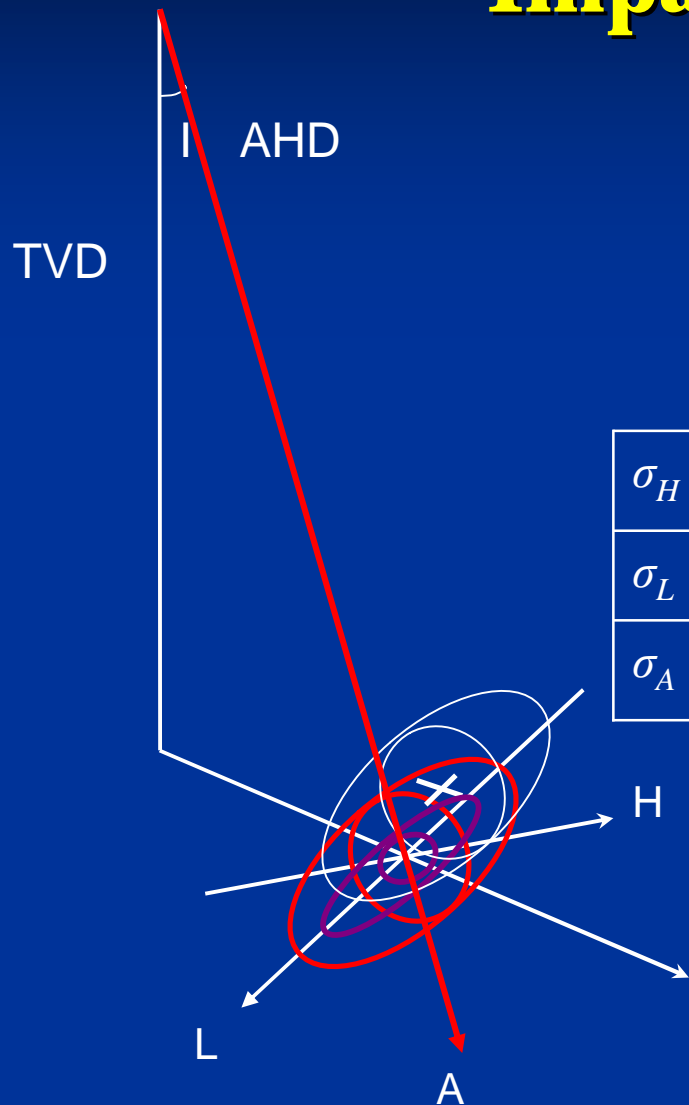


§ Applying the model sag correction repositioned the TVD from 3684 to 3689.5m

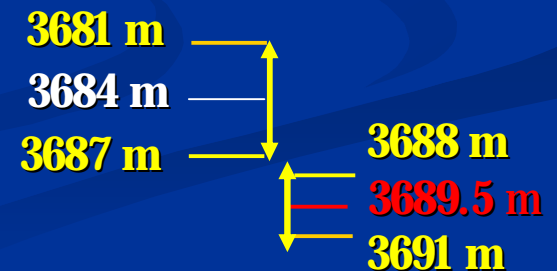
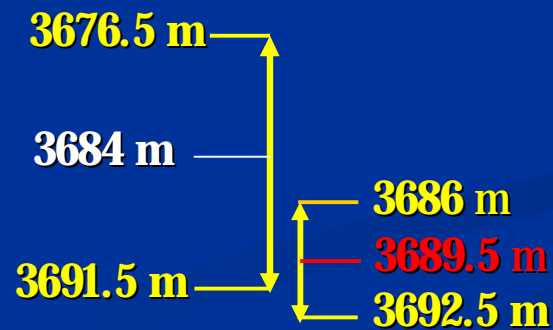
# Operational Implementation

## Impact on uncertainty reduction

§ Applying the sag model reduced the E.O.U by 50%



	Current Industry Single leg	New Model Single leg	Current Industry Multi leg	New Model Multi leg
$\sigma_H$	7.55	3.20	3.08	1.71
$\sigma_L$	32.17	30.41	11.69	11.07
$\sigma_A$	7.10	3.17	5.02	4.35



# Conclusion

## New Model Improvement

	<b>BEFORE</b>		<b>NOW</b>
<b>Sag correction</b>	No sag correction	$0^\circ$	<b>Computed</b>
	Sag correction	Black Box	
<b>Sag error</b>	No Sag correction	$0.2^\circ [0, \sin I, 0]$	<b>Computed</b> <b>Typical: <math>0.004^\circ</math></b>
	Sag Correction	$0.08^\circ * [0, \sin I, 0]$	
<b>Hor. Misali. correction</b>	0		<b>Computed</b>
<b>Hor. Misali. error</b>	$0.04^\circ$		<b>Computed</b> <b>Typical: <math>0.004^\circ</math></b>

# Conclusion & Perspectives

## SAG Correction & Residual Error

### What to remember

- n Sag correction & residual error depend on the borehole trajectory, BHA design and settings
- n Horizontal misalignment correction & residual error can be treated like BHA sag
- n Residual error can be evaluated with regards of the input system
- n Each survey has its own sag correction and residual sag error
- n Case studies show Industry error model may underestimate sag effect
- n Methodology described is easy to implement in actual model\*
- n Good sag correction leads to accurate well positioning
- n Good residual error evaluation leads to realistic E.O.U

**IT BRINGS VALUE TO WELLBORE PLACEMENT**

